

生命保険数学 問題6

(平成20年11月5日)

(制限時間: 60分)

1. 次の [] に当てはまる適切な式、記号又は数値を書け。

$$(1) \quad {}_t|q_{xy} = {}_tp_{xy} - \left[{}_{x+1} \rho_{xy} \right]$$

$$(2) \quad {}_tq_{\bar{xy}} = ([\bar{l}] - {}_tp_x)([\bar{l}] - {}_tp_y)$$

$$(3) \quad {}_t|q_{\bar{xy}} = {}_t|q_x + {}_t|q_y - \left[{}_{x+1} q_{xy} \right]$$

$$(4) \quad {}_tp_{\bar{xy}}^{[1]} = {}_tp_x + {}_tp_y - \left[2 {}_{x+1} \rho_{xy} \right]$$

$$(5) \quad \frac{d}{dt} {}_tp_{xy} = - \left[{}_{x+1} \rho_{xy} \wedge {}_{x+t, y+t} \right]$$

$$(6) \quad {}_tp_{xy} \cdot \mu_{x+t, y+t} = {}_tq_y {}_tp_x \mu_{x+t} + \left[{}_{x+1} q_x {}_{y+1} \rho_{xy} \wedge {}_{y+t} \right]$$

$$(7) \quad {}_t|q_{\bar{x}yz}^1 = \int_t^{t+1} {}_s p_{xyz} \left[\wedge {}_{x+s} \right] ds$$

$$(8) \quad {}_t|q_{\bar{xy}}^2 = \int_t^{t+1} \left[{}_s q_{\bar{y}} \right] {}_s p_x \mu_{x+s} ds$$

$$(9) \quad {}_tq_{\bar{xy}}^2 = \int_0^t {}_s p_{xy} \mu_{y+s} \left[{}_{x-s} q_{\bar{y}+s} \right] ds$$

$$(10) \quad {}_tq_{\bar{xy}}^1 = {}_tq_x - \left[{}_{x+1} q_{\bar{y}} \right]$$

$$(11) \quad {}_tq_{\bar{xy}}^1 - {}_tq_{\bar{xy}}^2 = {}_tp_y \left[{}_{x+1} q_{\bar{y}} \right]$$

$$(12) \quad {}_t|q_{\bar{xy}}^2 = {}_t|q_{xy}^1 + {}_tp_x {}_tq_y - \left[{}_{x+1} \rho_{x+1} {}_{y+1} \rho_{y} \right]$$

$$(13) \quad {}_t|q_{\bar{x}yz}^2 = {}_t|q_{\bar{yz}}^1 - \left[{}_{x+1} q_{\bar{y}z} \right]$$

$$(14) \quad \left[{}_{x+1} q_{\bar{y}z} \right] = {}_tq_{\bar{xy}z}^2 - {}_tq_{\bar{xy}}^2 {}_tp_z$$

$$(15) \quad {}_t|q_{\bar{x}^2y^3z}^2 = {}_t|q_{\bar{y}z}^1 + \left[{}_{x+1} q_{\bar{y}z} \right]$$

$$(16) \quad {}_tp_{\bar{xyz}}^2 = {}_tp_{xy} + {}_tp_{yz} + {}_tp_{xz} - \left[2 {}_{x+1} \rho_{xy} z \right]$$

$$(17) \quad {}_tq_{\bar{xyz}}^3 = \int_0^t \left[{}_s q_{\bar{z}} \right] {}_s p_{xy} \mu_{x+s} ds$$

$$(18) \quad {}_t|q_{\bar{xyz}}^1 = \int_t^{t+1} {}_s p_{xy} {}_s p_z \mu_{x+s, y+s} ds$$

2. 死力 μ_x が $\mu_x = \frac{1}{100-x}$ ($0 \leq x < 100$) で与えられるとき、次の値を求めよ。

$$(19) \quad {}_{20}q_{20,40}^1 = \frac{5}{24}$$

$$(20) \quad {}_{20}q_{20,40,60}^2 = \frac{5}{72}$$

$$(21) \quad \ddot{e}_{20,40} = 22.5$$

$$(22) \quad \ddot{e}_{20,40} = 47.5$$

3. 死亡法則がゴムパーティの法則 $\mu_x = Bc^x$ に従うとする。次の [] に当てはまる適切な

c^x, c^y, c^z の式を記入せよ。

$$(23) \quad {}_tq_{\bar{xyz}}^1 = \left[\frac{c^x}{c^x + c^y + c^z} \right] {}_tq_{xyz} \quad (24) \quad {}_tq_{\bar{yz}}^2 = \left[\frac{c^y}{c^y + c^z} \right] {}_tq_{yz} - \left[\frac{c^z}{c^x + c^y + c^z} \right] {}_tq_{xyz}$$

$$(25) \quad {}_\infty q_{\bar{xyz}}^2 = \left[\frac{c^x}{c^x + c^z} + \frac{c^y}{c^x + c^y} - \frac{2c^x}{c^x + c^y + c^z} \right]$$

1 (11) ~ (14), 2, 3 は pp. 2-3 を参考

$$\begin{aligned}
 1. (11) \quad *f_{xy} - f_{xy}^2 &= \int_0^t (sP_{xy} \mu_{x+s} - sP_{xy} \mu_{x+s} *f_{y+s}) ds \\
 &= \int_0^t sP_x \mu_{x+s} \underbrace{sP_y (1 - *f_{y+s})}_{sP_y (1 - sP_{y+s})} ds = *P_y \int_0^t sP_x \mu_{x+s} ds = *P_y *f_x \\
 &= sP_y *f_{y+s} = *P_y
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (12) \quad *f_{xy}^2 &= *f_{xy} - f_{xy}^2 \\
 &= *f_{xy} - \cancel{*f_{xy}} - (*f_{xy} - \cancel{*P_x *f_y}) \cancel{(*f_{xy} - \cancel{*P_x *f_y})} \\
 &\quad \text{(11) } f_{xy} \in \lambda z \text{ は } \cancel{\text{こと}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(13) \quad *f_{xy}^2 = \int_t^{t+1} \frac{sP_n sP_y \mu_{y+s} sP_z}{1 - sP_n} ds = *f_{yz}^2 - *f_{xz}^2$$

$$(14) \quad *f_{xy}^2 - *f_{xy} *P_z = \int_0^t sP_n sP_y \mu_{y+s} \left(\frac{sP_z}{1 - sP_z} - \overline{*P_z} \right) ds$$

$$= \int_0^t sP_n sP_y \mu_{y+s} *f_{z+s} ds = *f_{xy}^2$$

$$2. \quad *P_x = \frac{100 - x - t}{100 - x}, \quad *f_x = \frac{t}{100 - x} \quad \text{と}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (19) \quad 20 f_{20,40} &= \int_0^{20} sP_{20} \mu_{20+s} sP_{40} ds = \int_0^{20} \frac{80-s}{80} \frac{1}{80-s} \cdot \frac{60-s}{60} ds \\
 &= \frac{1}{80 \cdot 60} \underbrace{\left(60 \cdot 20 - \frac{1}{2} 20^2 \right)}_{20 \cdot 50} = \frac{5}{24},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (20) \quad 20 f_{20,40,60} &= \int_0^{20} sP_{20} sP_{40} \mu_{40+s} sP_{60} ds \\
 &= \int_0^{20} \frac{80-s}{80} \frac{60-s}{60} \frac{1}{60-s} \frac{s}{40} ds \\
 &= \frac{1}{80 \cdot 60 \cdot 40} \left(\frac{1}{2} 80 \cdot 20^2 - \frac{1}{3} 20^3 \right) = \frac{1}{24} \left(2 - \frac{1}{3} \right) = \frac{5}{72},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (21) \quad e_{20,40} &= \int_0^\infty *P_{20,40} dt = \int_0^{60} \frac{80-t}{80} \frac{60-t}{60} dt \\
 &= \int_0^3 \frac{4-s}{4} \frac{3-s}{3} 20 ds = \frac{5}{3} \int_0^3 (12 - 7s + s^2) ds \\
 &= \frac{5}{3} \left(12 \cdot 3 - \frac{7}{2} \cdot 9 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 9 \right) = \frac{45}{2},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(22) \quad \pi P_{20,40} = \pi P_{20} + \pi P_{40} - \pi P_{w,40} \quad \text{左}$$

$$\hat{\ell}_{20,40} = \hat{\ell}_{20} + \hat{\ell}_{40} - \hat{\ell}_{w,40} = 40 + 30 - 22.5 = 47.5 \quad \text{左}$$

注. 1. $\mu_x = \frac{1}{100-x}$ は x が 100 の年齢 X の p.d.f. は

$$f_X(t) = \frac{1}{100-x} \quad (0 \leq t \leq 100-x)$$

注. 2. $\hat{e}_x = E[X] = \frac{100-x}{2}$ 左

注. 2. $\pi P_{20,40} = \begin{cases} 1 - \frac{x}{80} \cdot \frac{x}{60} & (0 \leq x \leq 60) \\ 1 - \frac{x}{80} & (60 \leq x \leq 80) \end{cases} \quad (\leftarrow \text{逆元法})$

計算式 $\hat{e}_{20,40} = \int_0^{60} \left(1 - \frac{x}{80} \cdot \frac{x}{60}\right) dx + \int_{60}^{80} \left(1 - \frac{x}{80}\right) dx \quad \text{と計算して} \quad \text{左}$

3. $\mu_x = B c^x \Rightarrow \int \rho_{xyz} = \int \rho_{x+s} \mu_s$

$$\mu_{x+s, y+s, z+s} = \mu_{x+s} + \mu_{y+s} + \mu_{z+s} = B c^s (c^x + c^y + c^z)$$

$$= \frac{c^x + c^y + c^z}{c^x} \mu_{x+s} \quad \text{左} \quad \text{左} \quad \text{左}$$

$$(23) \quad \pi \rho_{xyz} = \int_0^s s \rho_{xyz} \mu_{x+s} ds$$

$$= \int_0^s s \rho_{xyz} \frac{c^s}{c^x + c^y + c^z} \mu_{x+s, y+s, z+s} ds = \frac{c^s}{c^x + c^y + c^z} \pi \rho_{xyz} \quad \text{左}$$

$$(24) \quad \pi \rho_{xyz}^2 = \int_0^s s \rho_{xyz} s \rho_{yz} \mu_{y+s} ds = \int_0^s s \rho_{yz} \mu_{y+s} ds - \int_0^s s \rho_{xyz} \mu_{y+s} ds$$

$$= 1 - s \rho_{xy}$$

$$= \int_0^s s \rho_{yz} \frac{c^s}{c^y + c^z} \mu_{y+s, z+s} ds - \int_0^s s \rho_{xyz} \frac{c^s}{c^x + c^y + c^z} \mu_{x+s, y+s, z+s} ds$$

$$= \frac{c^s}{c^y + c^z} \pi \rho_{yz} - \frac{c^s}{c^x + c^y + c^z} \pi \rho_{xyz}$$

$$(25) \quad \infty \rho_{xyz}^2 = \infty \rho_{xyz}^2 + \infty \rho_{yz}^2$$

$$(24) \quad = \frac{c^x}{c^x + c^z} \underbrace{\infty \rho_{xz}}_{\text{左}} - \frac{c^x}{c^x + c^y + c^z} \underbrace{\infty \rho_{xyz}}_{\text{左}} + \frac{c^x}{c^x + c^y} \underbrace{\infty \rho_{xy}}_{\text{左}} - \frac{c^x}{c^x + c^y + c^z} \underbrace{\infty \rho_{xyz}}_{\text{左}}$$

$$= \frac{c^x}{c^x + c^z} + \frac{c^x}{c^x + c^y} - \frac{2c^x}{c^x + c^y + c^z} \quad \text{左}$$